

NUMBER 73

TO :- THIS :- OFFICE:

The Methodist bishops have concluded to permit their ministers to remain five years with one church.

We hear that Bill Ellis made a rip-roaring Democratic speech at Dawson last week. Bill is running just as hard as if Gordon and Breckinridge were really after him.

We see that the papers are calling Jim Breathitt "Captain." This is an affront which we indignantly resent. We never send out an office-seeker from this county with a lower grade than Colonel. Therefore, gentlemen, please refer to the Republican lamb as "Col." Breathitt.

We believe that the people of this county are magnanimous enough to vote an adequate railroad tax. Of course no road can run through every neighborhood. Somebody has got to be missed, and surely the fellow that is a dozen miles to the right or left won't jeopardize the interests of his neighbors, and his own too, by helping to defeat a road that will build up the whole county.

The following appeared in the St. Louis and Nashville papers Friday: "A special from Hopkinsville, Ky., says Bill Miller, a negro who distinguished himself sometime since by biting off the head of a snake, is dead from the effects. He died in great agony."

It has never been our privilege to hear of Mr. Miller before it was announced that he lived here in the Associated Press dispatches. However, if Mr. Miller does live here and did bite off the head of a snake and did die in great agony, we are not disposed to have a post mortem to determine the place of his residence.

Hopkinsville's railroad meetings, etc., have grown to be a besetting sin of some people. We have tried and tried, until now we are laughed at for trying. The poor organist has done his best to be shot at last by those who formerly danced to his music. But it should be remembered that it is the eternal hammering away at the thing that has usually brought us in reach of the reality. The coming of our road has been like the coming of the tide.

"The weary watching ward on wave, And yet the tide moves onward; We build, like coral, grave on grave, But pave a pathway onward. We are beaten back in every way, But never strength we borrow; And where the vanquished rests to-day, The war shall come to-morrow." We have been "cresting" and "camping" until now, in the language of the much quoted Eli, "we've about got there."

Several days before the recent Republican Congressional Convention, in a newspaper interview Mr. James Breathitt stated that he would not have the nomination. His father presided over the convention and must have known his son's intentions, if any number of the delegates were in ignorance of them. And yet Mr. Breathitt was nominated, and two or three days later declined the nomination. It seems just the least probable that his party was fully aware of what it was doing. I went through the form of nominating a candidate whose declination was assured in advance, and now its members can quietly vote for Gordon. Col. Al Clark, of Hopkinsville, very neatly expressed it the other day when he said: "I am for Gordon, not because he is a prohibitionist, but because he is a Republican." There is a very large sentiment among the Republicans, as the Messenger announced weeks ago, in favor of Gordon. There are some very rabid anti-prohibition Republicans in the district, however. It remains to be seen whether they will insist upon making another nomination.—Owensboro Messenger.

This is all right if Mr. Breathitt had declined to make the race. He has never yet authorized the statement that he would not run.

Whatever railroad proposition is submitted to the people of this county will have to be first submitted to the county court and the election ordered by a vote of the magistrates. No constitutional provision in the charter of any railroad company can set aside this requirement. As things now stand upon a short while to order an election, and they should even now begin to consider the matter. Of course the court cannot refuse to grant the people the right to vote on anything. A magistrate who would arrogate to himself the prerogative of dictating what matters shall be voted upon by the public, and what shall not, transcends the ordinary rights and restrictions of citizenship and assumes imperial robes. That the election is ordered does not commit our justices to the proposition in question; they merely say by their action that "here is a question for the people to decide, let them act as judgment dictates."

Of course we realize that it would be a violent presumption to insinuate that the county court will refuse to order the election, and we offer these reflections as more explanatory of the course they most assuredly will follow. And in no case is it to be presumed that merely because the court has ordered a vote that therefore the "Equities endorse the railroad tax." They simply say that the people shall have the opportunity to decide the question for themselves. Under these considerations it is hard to imagine how any member of the court can so far forget the rights of the people to settle by vote all questions, as to be willing to record his name as being opposed to an election on a railroad subsidy.

RESIGNATION.

Having determined to retire permanently from the profession of journalism, I resign my position on the KENTUCKIAN with an expression of the sincere and cordial relations existing between Messrs. Wilgus, Bartley and myself, and with thanks to a long suffering public that has always been over-ready to accord me the credit my work deserved.

Messrs. Wilgus and Bartley are experienced newspaper men. They know the business in all its details. The job department cannot be surpassed in Southern Kentucky, and under their management the local and editorial features of the paper will be brighter than ever. They have the confidence of the people, and I can guarantee their fitness for a continuance of public favor.

Mr. Allen M. Wallis will hereafter be an attaché of the KENTUCKIAN. For over twenty years he has been a newspaper man in this city and has done everything about an office from starting a fire in the engine to writing heavy leaders. His work on the local and editorial pages and in the office will be manifest, and I bespeak for him that hearty appreciation which his ability and experience deserve.

J. O. RUST.

The Relative Financial Strength

Of the great mutual life insurance companies, from official sources, is compared in the advertisement of the Equitable on our 31 page. The gravest objection ever urged against life insurance as usually conducted, was, in popular parlance, that "a man must pay 'till he dies, and must die to win." This objection is obviated by Tontine life insurance, without any increase in the rates of premium, by the accumulation of all surplus or profits during periods of 10, 15 or 20 years for division among those who then survive, whereby those who survive their periods of Tontine accumulation, are secured the right at their option to either continue the insurance without further payment of premium, or to surrender the policy for the largest possible surrender value in cash, as a provision for old age. Some die early, some live on to "expectation," others survive to extreme old age.

The Equitable devised Tontine life insurance in 1888. The record reads thus: When these policies began to mature in 1878, New Business \$20,000,000; Total Assurance \$160,000,000; In 1887 New Business \$138,000,000; Total Assurance \$183,000,000. The Equitable secured last year nearly one-third of the entire new business, and had upon its books at the close of 1887, one-fifth of the total assurance in force in the 26 American companies. Tontine life insurance has thus been demonstrated to be the grandest success of the age.

The Free Tontine Policy issued by the Equitable at Ordinary Life Limited payment life and ordinary Endowment rates is Non-forfeitable after three years, (that is, may be surrendered for a paid up policy.) It is contestable after two years, (that is, free from all hazard of litigation or compromise during life, and payable immediately in the event of death.) It is free from all restrictions on travel, residence or occupation after our year, and secures important advantages not combined in the policy of any other company.

Roe & Lyon, managers of the Louisville office, have represented the Equitable 21 years with a clean record. John M. Hester, of Hopkinsville, the District agent, is a born life insurance man and was raised in Christian where the Equitable has a large, prosperous business.

THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER.

The President gave out his letter of acceptance Saturday. It lost nothing by delay and will be read by every voter in the land. "It is the work of a statesman who loves his people and his country, and whose regard for their welfare overshadows all other purposes; indeed, it seems that he almost rose above party differences in considering the questions that are before the public mind for settlement in the Presidential election."

His position upon every question and the purpose and policy of the Democracy in their adjustment under his administration, and the benefits to be derived therefrom, are clearly defined.

Upon the great question of tariff revision he stands upon and reiterates the principles advocated by the fathers of Democracy.

His specific declaration that the tariff shall be so levied as to protect American labor to the extent of the difference between the wages paid our workmen employed in like manufactures, indorses to the letter the platform.

This clear and explicit interpretation of the Democratic platform quieted forever, and by authority, the cry of free-trade.

"We are entering on no free-trade crusade," says Mr. Cleveland; and the plain declaration of what Democratic tariff-revision means, reassures the workmen and pledges in the most solemn manner the Democratic party to their protection.

The clear and explicit manner in which Mr. Cleveland points out the dangers of the surplus, the invitation to extravagance that its presence con-

stantly holds out, is one of the most admirable parts of his letter. It is not mixed up in a mass of words; the facts are stated pointedly so that all can understand them, and every intelligent citizen must fully agree with him.

It anybody has ever entertained a doubt as to Mr. Cleveland's election, this masterly, statesman-like letter will dispel it. The next President is as good as elected, and his name is Grover-Cleveland.

AMONG THE DOCTORS.

Important Information on a Variety of Medical Topics.

Dr. Underwood, the customs medical officer at Kio-Kiang, attributes the comparative immunity of the Chinese in that region from typhoid fever, notwithstanding that most of the factors favoring the disease are present in abundance—to the fact that "cold, unboiled water is rarely or never used when tea can be had." The explanation is simple: A boiling temperature destroys the typhoid poison.

Having investigated sixty-three cases of excessive use of tobacco, Dr. Underwood finds forty-nine to be over fifty years of age. In thirty-seven cases the smokers pursued the habit fasting, and in these vertigo was present, especially in the morning. Sometimes the vertiginous symptoms have been confounded with those due to cerebral congestion, and even to cerebral disease. Injections of ether subcutaneously appeared to stop the vertigo in a few minutes.

Vitally important as the knowledge may be, it is not always easy in cases of wounds of the abdomen to determine whether the intestines have been injured. Dr. Nicholas Senn, of Milwaukee, started the surgical section of the American Medical Association with some experiments intended to show the value of hydrogen in the diagnosis of such wounds. Eucenata of the gas were given to the dogs for a few minutes, and it was then ignited at the animals' noses; a stab wound was then inflicted, and it was ignited at the point of puncture. In like manner a pistol-shot wound was diagnosed. The innocuousness of the gas itself was affirmed and demonstrated. The experiments were looked upon as of the greatest significance, and Dr. Senn was heartily congratulated.

A sub-committee of the American Medical Association on the subject of infant feeding offers the following as useful rules: 1. In the case of infants deprived of breast-milk the artificial substitute should correspond as nearly as possible to human milk. 2. Cow's milk corresponds to breast-milk in most respects, but its casein should be broken up, as so not to coagulate in large masses in the stomach. A portion of milk should be first peptonized and then added to fresh milk. 3. Raw starch is indigestible, and the practice of adding it to fresh milk is wrong. Fully-digested food for either adults or infants is had from the digestive organs. 4. All nursing bottles should be boiled several times a day in order to destroy the germs of decomposition. Desiccated (partly peptonized) milk is often a convenient and efficient substitute for mother's milk.

For every death from small-pox in the United States during the last third of a century there have been six from scarlet fever; and for every death from cholera during the same period there have been twenty-two from typhoid fever. There is, it is true, no such known and tested method of preventing scarlet fever as vaccination certainly is for small-pox, but vaccination could be done to limit the ravages of the red pestilence than has yet been attempted; and in the case of typhoid fever—that is as absolutely preventable as any contagion. It is rightly called the "typical fifth disease," and its prevalence in a community is a warning indication of the most disgusting form of water pollution. Sanitarians and health officers, and the exponents of preventive medicine generally would do well to devote more attention to these diseases which have become domesticated with us, rather than expend their energies so exclusively upon the exclusion of Asiatic cholera, yellow fever and other exotic pestilences.—Chicago News.

THINK FOR YOURSELF.

Why Every Young Man Should Develop a Mind of His Own.

A man without a mind of his own is the most helpless and selfish of social beings. His brain is a mere receptacle for scraps and patches of opinion picked up in the streets, and the same indurately leads him to look to every body save himself for guidance, renders him incapable of selecting from the multifarious counsel he receives that which is best adapted to his exigencies. Nay, in his weak bewilderment he fails to make any selections at all, and while he wavers and hesitates, the golden opportunity for decisive action slips by, and leaves him floundering in a predicament, from which one manly stride in almost any direction would extricate him. But let the weak of purpose take heart. This unfortunate propensity to vacillate may be overcome. Habits of self-dependence may be acquired. Cowards by nature have reasoned themselves, are now, into a philosophic indifference to danger, and even the changeable man, whose mind has in a measure lost its identity, and is accustomed to take, for the time being, the hue of every mind with which it comes in contact, may learn to resolve and execute on his own responsibility. It must not be supposed that we would dissuade any one from asking advice of the wise and experienced, or from following it in preference to his impulses. The very fact of a man seeking counsel in the right quarter and promptly adopting it, is evidence that he has a mind of his own. That his judgment is sound, that his reason is stronger than his vanity. It is not with those who brace themselves against a rock in time of difficulty that we would remonstrate, but with the lemmings on reefs, the catchers at straws, the charless, who are pulled hither and thither by every life breeze. Of all impediments to success, instability is the most fatal. Every young man, on entering the business world, should form for himself, or adopt at the suggestion of competent advisors, a plan of life based upon sound morality, and shaped so as to accord with the best and scope of his mental capacity. His course chalked out, let him take courage, and with a stout heart and all the powers of a pure conscience and all temptations, and a clear head and all perplexities, push forward with hope and confidence.

Manchester (Eng.) Factory Times.

COURT NOTES.

Yesterday the case of the Commonwealth against Charlie Kimbrough, charged with killing Harvey Barnett, col., at Herndon June 21st '87, was tried. The evidence against Kimbrough was not strong and he was cleared.

The Stanley case was also set for yesterday. It will be remembered that Hermon and Henry Stanley, col., killed Colonel Kibling at the August election two years ago. They have stood two trials, the first resulting in a hung jury, the second in a conviction for 7 years upon which an appeal was taken and the judgement reversed. The Stanley's were then released under a bond of \$300 each. Yesterday they were in town ready for trial, but the case was continued at the instance of the defense.

Harvest Excursions.

The Wabash Western Railway, (short line between St. Louis and Kansas City,) will sell excursion tickets to Kansas and Dakota points. One fare for round trip tickets, good 30 days from date of sale, on following dates, viz: Aug. 21st, Sept. 11th and 26th, and Oct. 9th and 23d. Three trains daily each way between St. Louis and Kansas City, making fastest time between the two cities. Two daily trains to St. Paul. Six hours quickest time to Omaha. All trains equipped with free reclining chair cars and Pullman buffet sleeping cars. For tickets, maps, etc., write to R. H. Fowler, Traveling Passenger Agt., Louisville, Ky.

Remember that the job work turned out by us will stand the test of close inspection, and if you want the best of work at low prices, bring it to us.

OPERA HOUSE!

Saturday Sept. 15.
Opening of the Theatrical Season with

GOODYEAR, COOK & DILLON'S
REFINED MINSTRELS

PRICES:—Gallery, 25 cents; First floor, 50 and 75 cents. According to location.

S. WALTON FORGY,
LAWYER.

OFFICE OVER PLANTER'S BANK.
Special attention given to all business.

Burnett House,
Re-modeled and Re-furnished
first-class.

I. M. HUGHES, Prop.
(Formerly of Barltown, Ky.)

S. E. CORNER NINTH and BROADWAY,
LOUISVILLE, - KY.

Street Cars to all parts of the city.
Fine Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

W. M. HALE and BEN RODGERS, CLERKS.

Rates: \$1.50 per day.
4-17-88.

FACTS THAT CAN BE
PROVEN!

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CONVINCED!

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY BUYING FROM US

We have a large stock of hosiery. Would call attention to our absolutely fast color hosiery. We refund money for every pair that stains the feet or undergarments. Nice quality and very cheap.

Swiss Embroideries, Hamburgs, India Linens, Victoria Linens, Checked Muslins, and all White Goods for cheaper than you can buy them down in town. Please try us on these goods.

We would be glad to show you our stock of corsets, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Handkerchiefs, &c. We make the bold assertion and stand ready to prove it that ours are the cheapest in the city.

VERY RESPECTFULLY,
GILLILAND & KENNEDY,

230 Ninth Street,
Opposite Methodist Church.

THEY MUST GO! Now Is Your Chance.

\$10.00

Will buy choice of any MAN'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

\$7.50

Will buy choice of any YOUTH'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

\$5.00

Will buy choice of any BOY'S SUIT or OVERCOAT in our house.

We have many Fine Suits and Overcoats that are worth \$15.00, \$20.00 and \$25.00. We give you pick and choice for \$10.00.

We must get rid of our stock as soon as possible and have determined to put the knife deep into them.

These DEEP CUT PRICES positively for 15 days only and

STRICTLY FOR CASH.

THE OLD RELIABLE,

M. FRANKEL & SONS.

AT COST!

AT COST!

GREAT BARGAIN SALE!

Owing to a change in our firm the First of September, we will sell our Large Stock of CLOTHING AT COST FOR

CASH, this is a rare chance to get a

FINE SELECTION OF

GOODS and the

GREATEST BARGAINS WE EVER OFFERED.

We want to turn the Goods into Money so that we can form our new partnership more satisfactory. Everybody should see our stock of goods and prices, and get a share of Bargains. Come early and you can get first choice.

PYE & WALTON,

THINK DEEPLY! First National Bank,
OF HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

CAPITAL, - - \$64,000.

S. R. CRUMBAUGH, President. PALMER GRAVES, Cashier.
GEO. W. GRAVES, Vice-President. BAILEY RUSSELL, Book Keeper.

DIRECTORS: S. R. CRUMBAUGH, GEO. W. GRAVES, W. A. LOWRY, E. F. JARRETT, H. E. RIVES, J. F. PROWSE, W. L. THOMPSON, R. W. HENRY.

BANKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. DOUBLE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

FURNITURE!

We are daily receiving all the Latest Designs in Furniture in Walnut, Oak and Cherry. We have a very handsome stock of Solid Cherry Rocking Chairs, Walnut Case Bottom Parlor Chairs which we are selling very low, quality considered.

We Guarantee Our Goods

To be just as we represent them and Prices to Suit Everybody. No one can afford to visit the city of Hopkinsville without calling and examining our Stock. We make a specialty of Undertaking. Every grade of Coffins and Caskets constantly on hand.

THOMPSON & MOREYNOLDS,

THE NEW DRUG STORE,

Clarksville, Tennessee.

E. R. BOGARD, Late of Lafayette, PROPRIETOR.

Keeps Always on Hand a Full Stock of

Drugs, Patent Medicines and Druggist Sundries.

Finest Line of Toilet Articles in the City, also Best Brands Cigars and Tobacco.

Physicians :- Prescriptions :- Carefully :- Compounded.

Would be glad to have his Friends in Christian and adjoining counties call on him. LOCATION: Irvington.
8-10-88. Block, Opposite Court House.

More than Doubling Last Year's Business.

Roe & Lyon, Managers of the Louisville Branch office of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York, report the volume of their New Business as compared with that of the corresponding period of last year as follows:

APPLICATION FOR JULY, 1888, \$545,000; FOR 7 MONTHS, \$1,844,000.
" " " 1887, \$254,500; FOR 7 MONTHS, \$1,587,000.

GAIN: \$291,100, 114 PER CENT; \$1,277,000, 70 PER CENT.
All death claims under their incontestable policies are paid immediately. Satisfactory settlements with living policy holders who survive their Testing periods are made from day to day. The surplus for dividends to policy holders of the Equitable is larger than that of any other company. The Equitable has become the largest, the strongest and the most prosperous great mutual life insurance company in the world.

J. M. HESTER, Agt.,
Hopkinsville, Ky.

